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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/664,043	09/17/2003	Seok-il Yoon	Q75668 2595		
23373	7590 05/09/2005		EXAMINER		
	MION, PLLC	THOMPSON, TIMOTHY J			
SUITE 800	YLVANIA AVENUE, N	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
WASHINGTON, DC 20037			2873		
			DATE MAILED: 05/09/2005		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application	No	Applicant(s)			
		10/664,043		YOON ET AL.			
Office Action Summary		Examiner		Art Unit			
		Timothy J. 1	Thompson	2873			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication aport	pears on the	over sheet with the co	orrespondence addre	SS		
A SH THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPI MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a report of the reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stature to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by staturely received by the Office later than three months after the mailined patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no even ply within the statute d will apply and will te, cause the applic	t, however, may a reply be tim ory minimum of thirty (30) days expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the ation to become ABANDONEC	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this common (35 U.S.C. § 133).	unication.		
Status							
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on						
2a)□	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ Th	·					
3) 🗌							
	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposit	ion of Claims			•			
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)⊠	Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-6,8-13,15,16 and 18-20 is/are rejected. Claim(s) 7,14 and 17 is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Applicat	ion Papers						
10)⊠	The specification is objected to by the Examination The drawing(s) filed on <u>17 September 2003</u> is Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examination is objected to by the Examination is objected.	s/are: a)⊠ ac e drawing(s) be ection is require	held in abeyance. Seed if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR	1.121(d).		
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12)⊠ a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bure. See the attached detailed Office action for a list.	nts have been nts have been iority documer au (PCT Rule	received. received in Applicati nts have been receive 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Sta	age		
2) Noti 3) Info	nt(s) ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) rmation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 er No(s)/Mail Date <u>09/2003</u> .	98)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ate	52)		

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-6, 8, -13, 15, 16, 18-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Braat(U.S. Pat. No. 5,016,994).

Regarding claim 1, Braat discloses; a spherical lens(fig 3, S4-S5); and an aspherical lens(fig 3, S3-S4) formed of plastic on at least one surface of the spherical lens(col 5, lines 1-15).

Regarding claim 2, Braat discloses the aspherical lens is formed on at least one of an incidence surface and an emission surface of the spherical lens(fig 3).

Regarding claim 3, Braat discloses the spherical lens is formed of glass(col 5, innes 1-15).

Regarding claim 4, Braat discloses the spherical lens has a refractive index within a range of 1.45 - 1.95(fig 3 and the table associated with it).

Regarding claim 5, Braat discloses the aspherical lens has a refractive index within a range of 1.45 - 1.8(fig 3 and the table associated with it).

Regarding claim 6, Braat discloses the spherical lens and the asphelical lens have different refractive indexes(fig 3 and the table associated with it).

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Regarding claim 8, Braat discloses a projection optical system having a hybrid lens(fig 3, S3-S6) that is positioned along an optical path between a fluorescent surface(fig 3, (FP) and a screen(fig 1, 10) onto which light emitted from the fluorescent surface is projected to form an image and includes a spherical lens(fig 3, S4-S5) and an aspherical lens(fig 3, S3-S4) formed of plastic on at least one surface of the spherical lens(col 5, lines 1-15).

Regarding claim 9, Braat discloses the aspherical lens is formed on at least one of an incidence surface and an emission surface of the spherical lens(fig 3).

Regarding claim 10, Braat discloses the spherical lens is formed of glass(col 5, lines 1-15).

Regarding claim 11, Braat discloses the spherical lens has a refractive index within a range of 1.45 - 1.95(fig 3 and the table associated with it).

Regarding claim 12, Braat discloses the aspherical lens has a refractive index within a range of 1.45 - 1.8(fig 3 and the table associated with it).

Regarding claim 13, Braat discloses the spherical lens and the asphelical lens have different refractive indexes(fig 3 and the table associated with it).

Regarding claim 15, Braat discloses a protective lens that covers the entire fluorescent surface(fig 3, L4).

Regarding claim 16, Braat discloses a meniscus lens that is positioned along an optical path between the protective lens and the hybrid lens(fig 3, S5-S6).

Regarding claim 18, Braat discloses wherein the hybrid lens is a correction power lens(fig 3 and the table associated with it).

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Regarding claim 19, Braat discloses at least one correction power lens(fig 3, L4) that is positioned between the hybrid lens(fig 3, S3-S5) and the fluorescent surface(fig 3, FP), and refracts incident light.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim 20 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Braat(U.S. Pat. No. 5,016,994) as applied to claim19 above, and further in view of Uzawa et al.(U.S. Pat. No. 5,572,277).

Regarding claim 20, Braat does not disclose the correction power lens has an aspherical surface. However, Uzawa et al. discloses an aspheric surface on a lens in the third lens unit as well as any other lens surface in the lens system(col 8, lines 27-35). It would have been obvious o one skilled in the art at the time of the invention to place an aspheric surface on a lens in the third lens unit as well as any other lens surface in the lens system as shown by Uzawa et al., in the lens system of Braat, since as shown by Uzawa et al. aspheric surfaces are commonly placed on any lens surface within a lens system for correcting aberrations.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 7, 14, 17 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims. With the allowable features being the condition formula pertaining to the lens surface of the aspherical lens, the cooling liquid is positioned between the protective lens and the meniscus lens.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Timothy J. Thompson whose telephone number is (571) 272-2342. If the examiner can not be reached his supervisor, Georgia Epps, can be reached on (571) 272-2328.

T.J.T.

5/5/05

TIMOTHY THOMPSON PRIMARY EXAMINER